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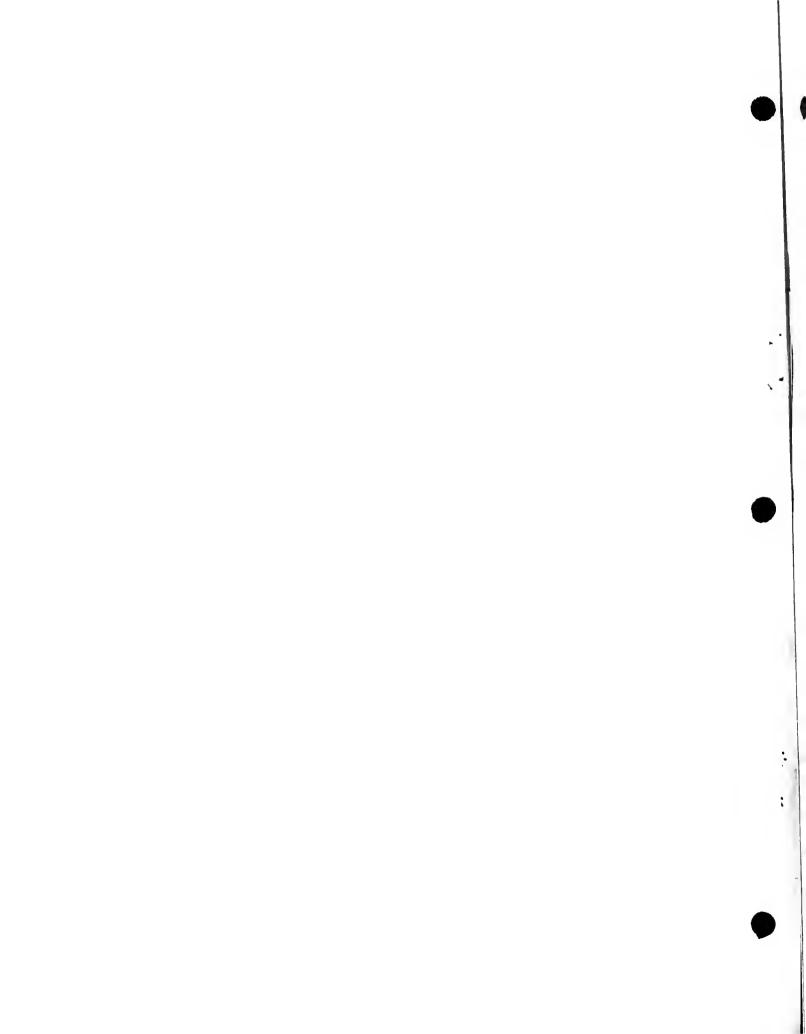
REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON STYLE, DRAFTING, TRANSITION AND SUBMISSION

ON

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

No. XII

Date Reported: March 20, 1972



Montana Constitutional Convention TO:

GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUBJECT:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Committee on Style, Drafting, Transition and Submission transmits revisions of the above Article for consideration of the Convention.

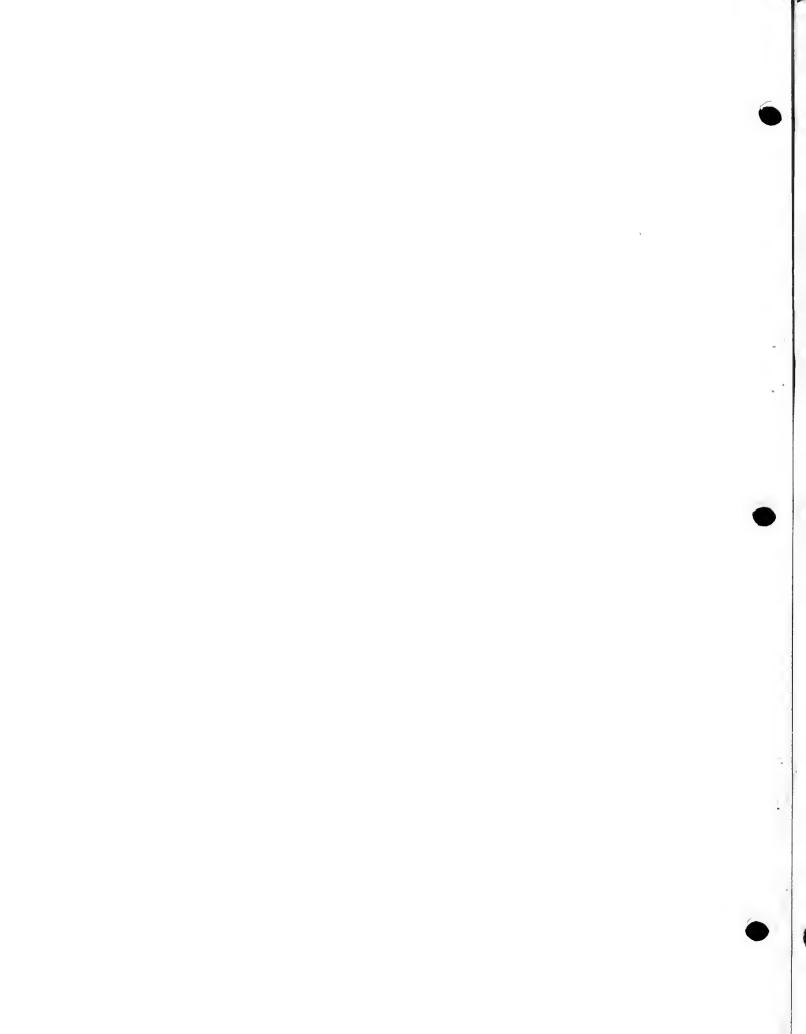
Immediately following this letter you will find the above Article as revised by the Committee. Following that is the Article indicating (by underlining) words we have added and (by crossing out) words we have deleted from the Article as approved. Finally, there is an explanation of the changes we have made.

Sincerely,

Committee on Style, Drafting, Transition and Submission

William A. Burkhardt, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Style, Drafting,

Transition and Submission



BE IT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT AND CONSTITU-TIONAL AMENDMENT COMMITTEE:

That there be a new Article on General Government to read as follows:

ARTICLE

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Section 1. SEPARATION OF POWERS. The power of the government of this state is divided among three distinct branches--legislative, executive, and judicial. No person or persons charged with the exercise of power properly belonging to one branch shall exercise any power properly belonging to either of the others, except as in this constitution expressly directed or permitted.

Section 2. CONTINUITY OF GOVERNMENT. The seat of government shall be in Helena, except during periods of emergency resulting from disasters or enemy attack. The legislature may enact laws to insure the continuity of government during a period of emergency without regard for other provisions of the constitution. They shall be effective only during the period of emergency that affects a particular office or governmental operation.

Section 3. OATH OF OFFICE. Members of the legislature and all executive, ministerial and judicial officers, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, before they enter upon the duties of their offices: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, protect and defend the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of the state of Montana, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity (so help

me God)." No other oath, declaration, or test shall be required as a qualification for any office or public trust.

Section 4. INITIATIVE. (1) The people may enact laws by initiative on all matters except appropriations of money and local or special laws prohibited by this constitution.

- (2) Each initiative petition must contain the full text of the proposal. Each shall be signed by at least five percent of the qualified electors in each of at least one-third of the legislative representative districts and the total number of signers must be at least five percent of the total qualified electors of the state. A petition shall be filed with the secretary of state at least three months prior to the election at which it will be voted upon.
- (3) The sufficiency of the initiative petition shall not be questioned after the election is held.

Section 5. REFERENDUM. (1) The people may approve or reject by referendum any act of the legislature except an appropriation of money. A referendum shall be held either upon order by the legislature or upon petition signed by at least five percent of the qualified electors in each of at least one-third of the legislative representative districts. The total number of signers must be at least five percent of the qualified electors of the state. A referendum petition shall be filed with the secretary of state no later than six months after adjournment of the legislature which passed the act.

(2) An act referred to the people is in effect until

suspended by petition signed by at least 15 percent of the qualified electors in a majority of the legislative representative districts. If so suspended the act shall become operative only after it is approved at an election, the result of which has been determined and declared as provided by law.

Section 6. ELECTIONS. The people shall vote on initiative and referendum at the general election unless the legislature orders a special election.

Section 7. NUMBER OF ELECTORS. The number of qualified electors required in each legislative representative district and in the state shall be determined by the number of votes cast for governor in the preceding general election.

Section 8. PROHIBITION. The provisions of this Article do not apply to CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION, Article XIII.

Section 9. RECALL. The legislature may provide for the recall of all elected officials of the state and local government units.

Section 10. GAMBLING. All forms of gambling, lotteries, and gift enterprises are prohibited unless authorized by acts of the legislature or by the people through initiative or referendum.

Section 10. GAMBLING. All forms of gambling, lotteries, and gift enterprises are prohibited.

Section 11. BOUNDARIES. The sovereignty and jurisdiction of the State of Montana shall prevail within the area encompassed by the following boundaries:

Beginning at the point of intersection of the 104th

meridian of west longitude and the 45th parallel of north latitude, thence clockwise west on said parallel to its intersection with the lllth meridian; south on said meridian to the crest of the Rocky Mountains; northwestward on said crest (the continental divide) to the summit of Lost Trail Pass intersecting there with the southeast end and crest of the Bitter Root Mountains; thence northwestward on the crest of the Bitter Root Mountains and Range to the ll6th meridian; north on said meridian to the 49th parallel; east on said parallel to the 104th meridian; and south on said meridian to the place of beginning.

BE IT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT COMMITTEE:

That there be a new Article on General Government to read as follows:

ARTICLE

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Section 1. SEPARATION OF POWERS. The powers of the government of this state are is divided into among three distinct branches:—The legislative, executive, and judicial; and No person or eelleetien-ef persons charged with the exercise of powers properly belonging to one ef-these branches shall exercise any powers properly belonging to either of the others, except as in this constitution expressly directed or permitted.

Section 2. CONTINUITY OF GOVERNMENT. The seat of government shall be in Helena, except during periods of emergency resulting from disasters or enemy attack. The <code>legislative</code> assembly <code>legislature</code> may enact laws to insure the continuity of governmental-operations during a period of emergency:--Sueh-laws may-deviate-from without regard for other provisions of the <code>Montana constitution. conflicting-therewith-but They</code> shall be effective only during the period of emergency that affects a particular office or governmental operation.

Section 3. OATH OF OFFICE. Members of the legislative assembly legislature and all officers, executive, ministerial or and judicial officers, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, before they enter upon the duties of their offices to wit: "I do solemnly swear (or

affirm) that I will support, protect and defend the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of the state of Montana, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity (so help me God)."

And nNo other oath, declaration, or test shall be required as a qualfication for any office or public trust.

Section 4. INITIATIVE. (1) The people may enact laws by initiative on all matters except appropriations of money and local or special laws prohibited by this constitution.

- of the proposed measure. Initiative petition must contain the full text of the proposed measure. Initiative-petitions Each must shall be signed by at least five percent or-more of the qualified electors legal-voters in each of at least one-third or-more of the legislative representative districts and the total number of signers must be at least five percent or-more of the total legal-voters qualified electors of the state. Each petition-must-contain-the-full-text-of-the-proposed-measure.

 A Ppetitions-must shall be filed with the Secretary of Setate at least three months or-more prior to the election at which they it will be voted upon.
- (3) The sufficiency of the initiative petition shall not be questioned once after the election is held.

Section 5. REFERENDUM. (1) The people may approve or reject by referendum any acts of the legislature by referendum, except an appropriations of money. A referendum may shall be ordered held either upon order by the legislative assembly, legislature or upon petition signed by at least five percent or-more of the legal-veters qualified electors in each of at least one-third or-more of the legislative representative

districts. and the total number of signers must be at least five percent or-more of the total-legal-voters qualified electors of the state. A Rreferendum petitions must shall be filed with the Secretary of Sstate no later than six months after adjournment of the legislative-assembly-legislature which passed the bill act.

(2) An Macts of-the-legislature referred to the people are is in full-force-and effect unless until suspended by petitions signed by at least 15 percent of the legal-voters qualified electors of in a majority of the whole-number-of-the legislative representative districts of-the-state; in-which ease If so suspended the law act shall become inoperative until-such-time-as only after it shall-be-passed-upon is approved at an election, and the result of which has been determined and declared as provided by law.

Section-6:--ELECTIONS:--All-measures-referred-to-the

people-shall-be-voted-upon-at-the-regular-biennial-election

unless-a-special-election-is-ordered-by-the-legislative-assembly.

Section 6. ELECTIONS. The people shall vote on initiative and referendum at the general election unless the legislature orders a special election.

Section-7.--bEGAb-VOTERS.--The-number-of-legal-voters

for-each-legislative-representative-district-and-for-the

state-is-determined-by-the-votes-cast-for-the-office-of

Governor-in-the-regular-election-immediately-preceding-filing

of-petitions-for-initiative-or-referendum-measures-

Section 7. NUMBER OF ELECTORS. The number of qualified electors required in each legislative representative district and in the state shall be determined by the number of votes cast for governor in the preceding general election.

Section 9 8. RESTRICTION: PROHIBITION. The provisions of Tthis Article is-not-applicable do not apply to CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION, as-covered-in Article XIII of-this constitution.

Section 10 9. RECALL. baws-may-be-enacted-to The legislature may provide for the recall of all elected officials of the state and its-political-subdivisions. local government units.

Section $\frac{11}{10}$. GAMBLING. All forms of gambling, lotteries, and gift enterprises are prohibited unless authorized by acts of the legislature or by the people through initiative or referendum.

Section $\frac{11}{20}$. GAMBLING. All forms of gambling, lotteries, and gift enterprises are prohibited.

Section $\frac{12}{2}$ $\frac{11}{1}$. BOUNDARIES. The sovereignty and jurisdiction of the State of Montana shall prevail within the area encompassed by the following boundaries:

Beginning at the point of intersection of the 104th meridian of west longitude and the 45th parallel of north latitude, thence clockwise west on said parallel to its intersection with the lllth meridian; south on said meridian to the crest of the Rocky Mountains; northwestward on said crest (the continental divide) to the summit of Lost Trail Pass intersecting there with the southeast end and crest of the Bitter Root Mountains; thence northwestward on the crest of the Bitter Root Mountains and Range to 116th meridian; north on said meridian to the 49th parallel; east on said parallel to the 104th meridian; and south on said meridian to the place of beginning.

Report No. XII - General Government COMMENTS ON STYLE, FORM AND GRAMMAR

Section 1. The changes in language make plain that the power of government is one whole which is divided into three parts.

<u>Section 2</u>. Changes in language clarify and shorten without affecting substance.

Section 3. Reordering promotes flow without altering substance.

<u>Sections 4 and 5.</u> Reordering and language changes do not alter substance.

Section 6. Changes make clear that both initiative and referendum are covered.

Section 7. Changes clarify.

Section 9 8. Changes emphasize the prohibition.

Section $\frac{10}{9}$. The phrase "local government units", adopted in section 1, Article XI, LOCAL GOVERNMENT, was substituted for "its political subdivisions."

Section $\frac{11}{10}$. The adoption schedule will provide for the deletion of whichever form of the section is not approved by the voters.

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